

**Drainage Submission**

**in support of Planning Application No. A/SLC/185**

**for a Proposed Temporary Holiday Camp for a Period of 5 Years at  
Various Lots in D.D. 332L and adjoining Government Land, Cheung**

**Sha, Lantau Island**

**(HT24117)**

**October 2024**

Prepared & Approved by:	K. C. LEE <i>MICE, MHKIE</i>
-------------------------	---------------------------------

**何田顧問工程師有限公司**  
**HO TIN & ASSOCIATES**  
CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED



## **CONTENT**

1. Introduction
2. General Site Description and the Proposed Development
3. Existing Drainage System of the Area
4. Proposed Drainage Works
5. Hydraulic Calculation
6. Conclusion

### **FIGURE**

<b>Figure D1</b>	<b>Layout Plan</b>
<b>Figure D2</b>	<b>Stormwater Drainage Management Plan</b>
<b>Figure D3</b>	<b>Layout of Proposed Sand Trap</b>

<b>APPENDIX</b>	<b>Assessment of Hydraulic Capacities of the Proposed Drainage System</b>
-----------------	---

## 1. Introduction

- 1.1 Ho Tin & Associates Consulting Engineers Limited (HTA) was appointed by the client to prepare a Drainage Impact Assessment (DIA) in support of the Planning Application No. A/SLC/185 for a Proposed Temporary Holiday Camp for a Period of 5 Years at Lots 332 (part), 333 (part), 334 (part), 335 (part), 337 (part), 338 (part), 339 (part), 340 (part), 341 (part), 342 (part), 344, 345 (part), 346 (part), 347 (part), 348, 350, 351, 352 (part), 354 (part), 355 (part), 356 (part), 357, 358, 360 (part), 361, 362 (part), 363 (part), 365 (part), and 366 (part) and adjoining Government land in DD332L, Cheung Sha, Lantau Island, New Territories (the ‘subject site’).
- 1.2 This report presents the Drainage Submission for the proposed temporary uses at the subject site.
- 1.3 The objectives of this Drainage Submission are to:-
- indicate any changes/increase in drainage characteristics due to the proposed development;
  - assess any potential drainage impacts of the existing/planned drainage facilities nearby due to the proposed development; and
  - propose mitigation measures and drainage improvement work, if necessary, to minimize any adverse drainage impact.
- 1.4 The scope of this Drainage Submission includes:-
- site description and existing land use;
  - identification of stormwater flow pattern before and after proposed development of the Subject site;
  - assessment of impact on the existing drainage facilities due to the proposed development; and
  - proposal of new drainage facilities for the proposed development if found necessary.

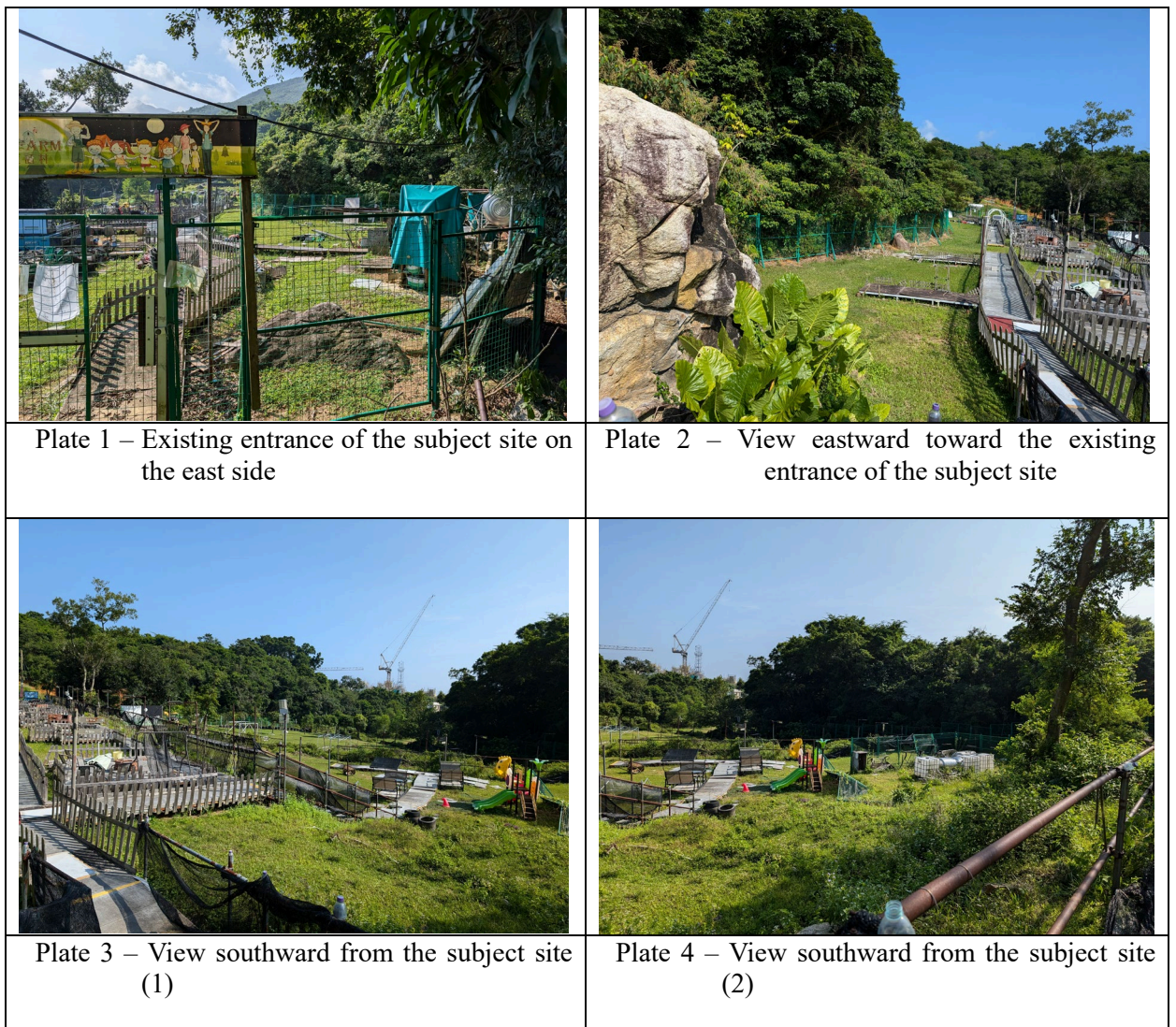
## 2. General Site Description and the Proposed Development




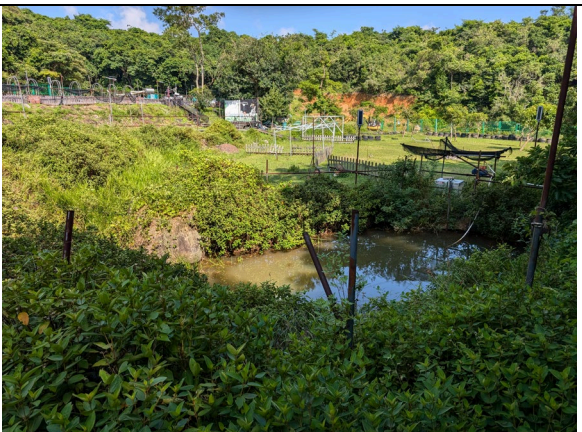

- 2.1 The subject site is currently zoned “Green Belt” on the Approved South Lantau Coast Outline Zoning Plan No. S/SLC/23. It is located at the downhill on the southern toe of Tung Chung Road and is on the eastern side of a watercourse running downhill from Sunset Peak (Tai Tung Shan) toward Sha Tsui. The subject site area is about 6,035m<sup>2</sup> and

irregular in shape. It is in terrace form descending southward from about +40.0mPD to +23.7mPD.

2.2 It is proposed to construct a temporary holiday camp accommodating a total of 20 temporary structures (consisting of 6 static camping tents atop raised wooden platforms, 7 one-storey seating out areas with platforms and pavilions, 1 one-storey office/visitor centre, 1 one-storey storeroom, 2 one-storey rain shelters, 1 one-storey stage with cover, 1 one-storey meter room and 1 one-storey washroom) with a total GFA of about 780m<sup>2</sup> for a period of 5 years. The proposed development is shown in the Layout Plan on **Figure D1**.

2.3 At present, the subject site is mainly grassland with some obsolete temporary on-stilt structures and walkways (because it was previously used as holiday camp) (refer to **Plate 1** to **9** below). Locations of photo taken is shown on **Figure D2**.



	
<p>Plate 5 – View westward from the subject site</p>	<p>Plate 6 – View northward from the subject site</p>
	
<p>Plate 7 – Existing ditch near the western subject site boundary</p>	<p>Plate 8 – Existing pond for irrigation</p>
	<p>[BLANK]</p>
<p>Plate 9 – The lowest platform at the southern corner of the subject site</p>	

2.4 The layout and construction of the proposed development will respect the existing terrain and ground conditions such that no substantial site formation works will be carried out and the vegetated areas will be maintained in general.

### 3. Existing Drainage System of the Area

- 3.1 The subject site is located at the downhill side of Tung Chung Road and bounded by two watercourses running downward from Tai Tung Shan. The area bounded by Tung Chung Road and the two watercourses naturally contribute to the stormwater catchment area of the subject site. The overall flow direction of the surface runoff of the concerned catchment is from the north to the south into an existing watercourse running toward Sha Tsui.
- 3.2 At present, there are ditches (please refer to **Plate 7**) formed by the previous campsite mainly running near the western subject site boundary. Besides, a pond (please refer to **Plate 8**) for irrigation was also constructed near the southwest side of the subject site.

### 4. Proposed Drainage Works

- 4.1 The existing terrain, vegetated ground and the pond for irrigation will be maintained in general. In order to blend in with the natural environment, ditches with earth bottom and rubble sides will be used in lieu of concrete channels to collect and convey surface runoff on the subject site.
- 4.2 It is noticed that the proposed development should not obstruct any overland flows and causing flooding, and at the same time the subject development should not be affected by excessive overland flows, therefore ditches with earth bottom and rubble sides will be constructed near the subject site boundary to collect and convey all surface runoff properly to the designated discharge point.
- 4.3 A Stormwater Drainage Management Plan is shown in **Figure D2**. In general, the existing ground conditions, i.e. grassland, will be maintained after the proposed development. Besides, the existing flow paths of surface runoff of the area will be maintained after the proposed development, i.e. the surface runoff of the subject area will still flow/be conveyed from the north to the south and be discharged via a sandtrap (refer to **Figure D3**) into the existing watercourse outside the southern corner of the subject site.
- 4.4 Chain-linked fence wall of the subject site will be constructed for security reasons. The proposed development will not obstruct any flow paths of the area.
- 4.5 The Applicant is committed to obtain consents from owners of adjacent relevant land/lots prior to commencement of the proposed drainage works outside the subject site and to maintain the completed drainage works to the satisfaction of relevant Government

departments, and to clear the vegetation at the existing watercourse to which the surface runoff of the subject site would be discharged into.

## 5. Hydraulic Calculation

- 5.1 Assessment criteria is based on the recommendation set out in the Stormwater Drainage Manual (Fifth edition, Jan 2018) (SDM) and its Corrigendum Nos. 1/2022, 1/2024 and 2/2024 issued by DSD. Design Return Period of 50 years (recommended for ‘Main Rural Catchment Drainage Channels’ in SDM) is being adopted.
- 5.2 The corresponding runoffs under rainfall intensity for various return period are worked out with reference to Rational Method. Brandy-Williams method is used in calculation of the time of concentration. A uniformly distributed rainfall with an intensity is determined by the Intensity-Duration-Frequency. With referenced to Table 3a - Storm Constants for different return periods of HKO Headquarters from SDM, the rainfall profiles are derived based on the following equation:

$$i = \frac{a}{(t_d + b)^c}$$

where  $i$  = extreme mean intensity in mm/hr,  
 $t_d$  = duration in minutes ( $t_d \leq 240$ ), and  
 $a, b, c$  = storm constants given in the table below

Return Period (years)	50
a	505.5
b	3.29
c	0.355

A 16.0% rainfall increase is adopted in the hydraulic calculation to cater for effects due to climate change in accordance with the table 28 with projection to End of 21st Century (it is very conservative, as the subject application is only for 5 years) as stipulated in the item (e) and (k) of the SDM - Corrigendum No. 1/2022. Besides, taking into consideration of design allowance in End of 21st Century, a further 12.1% rainfall increase is incorporated into the hydraulic assessment.

- 5.3 Hydraulic assessment is enclosed in the **Appendix**. 10% reduction in flow area has been incorporated to cater for potential deposition of sediment in stormwater channels and pipes as recommended in the SDM. The proposed channels and underground drainage were designed to cater for the estimated runoff under the designed rainstorms. With respect to the calculation, the proposed stormwater drainage system is capable to cater for the surface

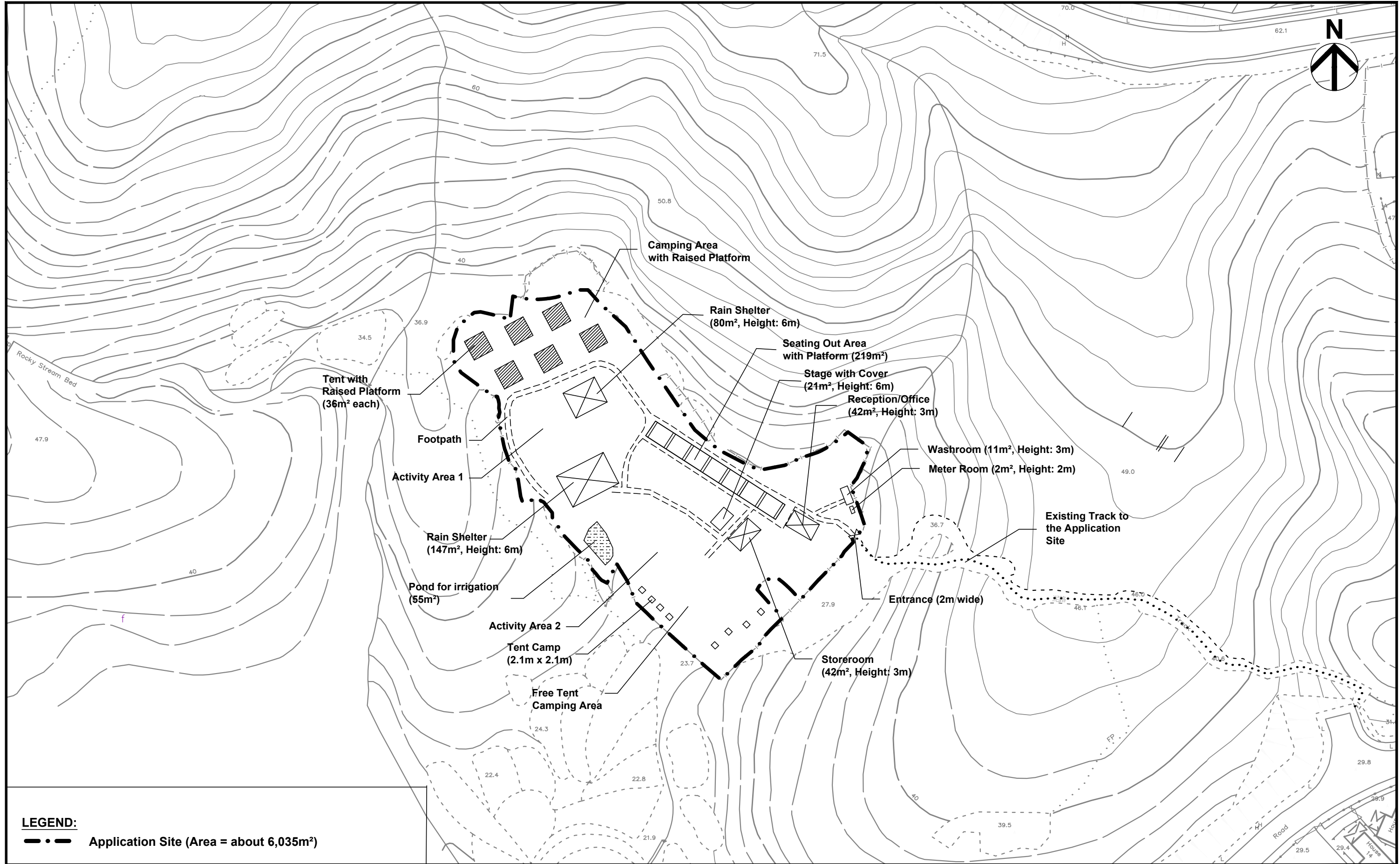
runoff without causing any adverse drainage impacts on the subject site and its surroundings.

- 5.4 Since all proposed ditches would have sufficient spare capacity, no water backup will occur at the upstream under rainstorms of 50-year (or lower) return periods.

## **6. Conclusion**

- 6.1 The subject site will be for a Proposed Temporary Holiday Camp for a Period of 5 Years.
- 6.2 Ditches with earth bottom and rubble sides will be constructed around the subject site to intercept all surface runoff crossing the boundary. The flows inside the ditches will be discharged into a proposed sandtrap and from which discharges into the existing watercourse at the southern corner of the subject site. There is generally no change in ground characteristics, i.e. grassland, after the proposed development. Besides, there would be no change in principle nor obstruction to the existing flow paths of the area.
- 6.3 The Applicant is committed to obtain consents from owners of adjacent relevant land/lots prior to commencement of the proposed drainage works outside the subject site and to maintain the completed drainage works to the satisfaction of relevant Government departments, and to clear the vegetation at the existing watercourse to which the surface runoff of the subject site would be discharged into.
- 6.4 In conclusion, the Proposed Development would not cause any adverse drainage impact onto the area.

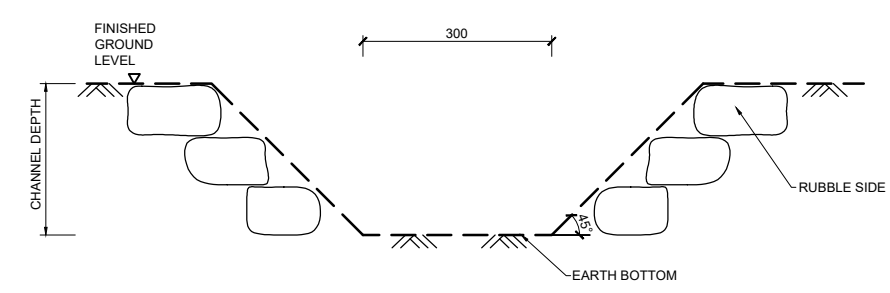
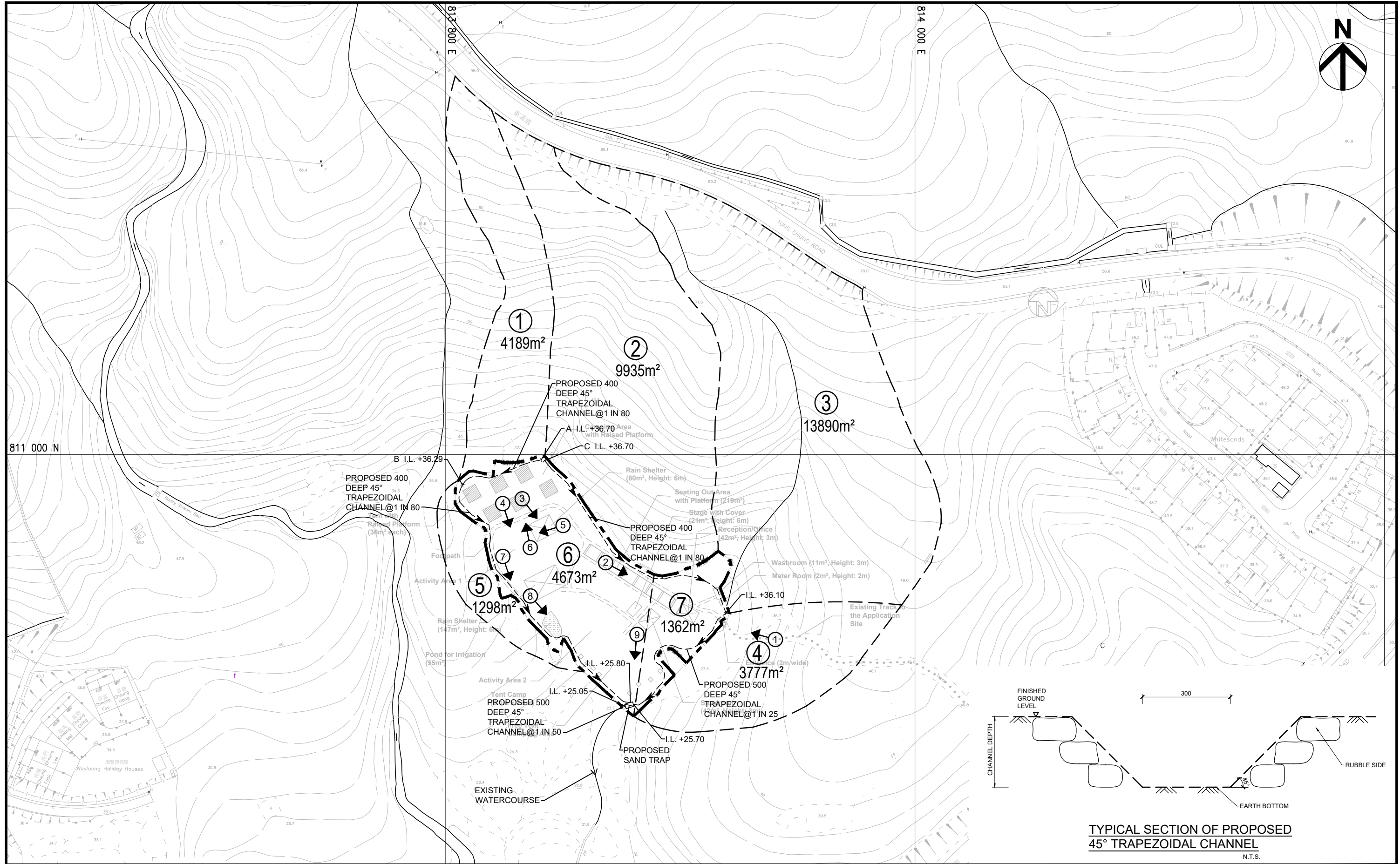




**LEGEND:**  
 - - - Application Site (Area = about 6,035m²)

PROJECT	何田顧問工程師有限公司 <b>HO TIN &amp; ASSOCIATES</b> CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED	
TITLE	LAYOUT PLAN	SCALE 1 : 1000 - A3
		DRAWING No. FIGURE D1

H:\24117\_CheungSho\DRAWING\24117FIG-D1\_01.dwg, 7/10/2024 9:56:20, DWG To PDF.pc3



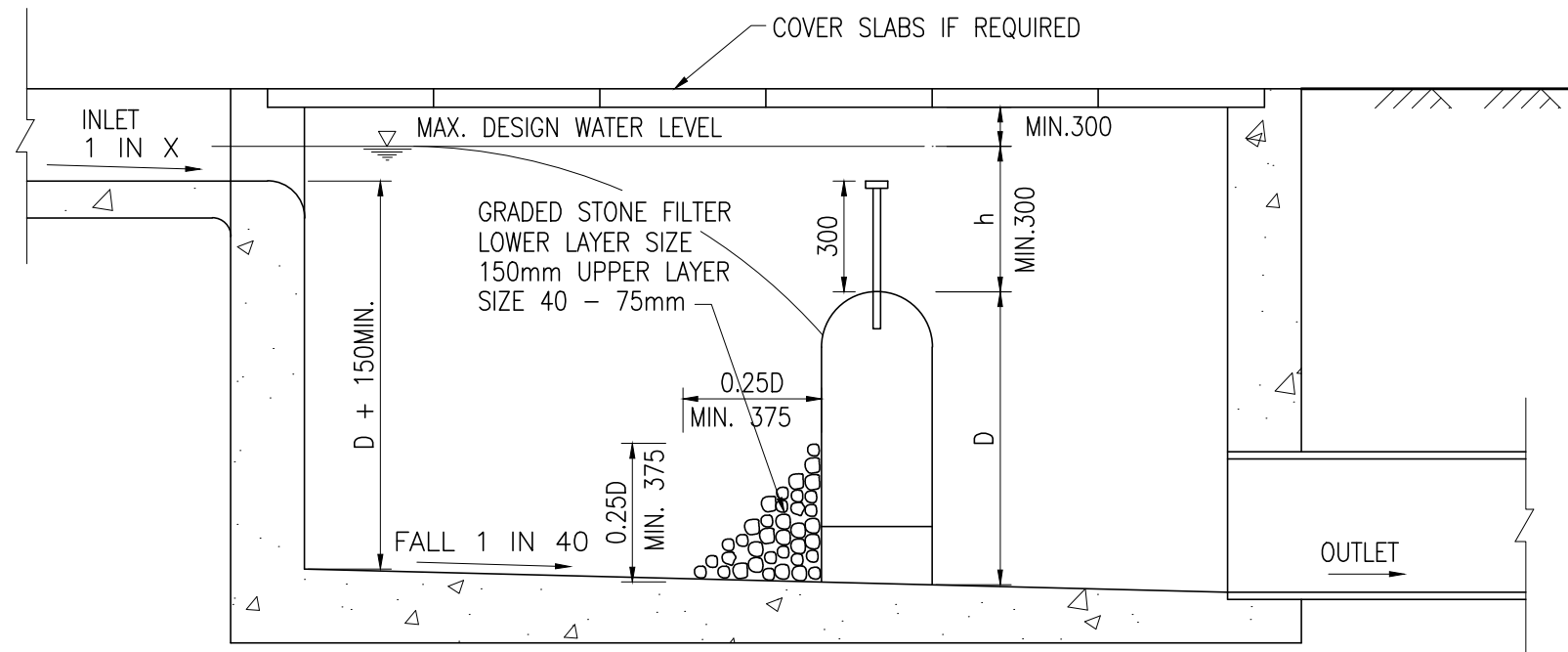
TYPICAL SECTION OF PROPOSED 45° TRAPEZOIDAL CHANNEL  
N.T.S.

<b>LEGEND:</b>	
	SUBJECT SITE BOUNDARY
	STORMWATER
	CATCHMENT BOUNDARY
	LOCATION OF PHOTO TAKEN

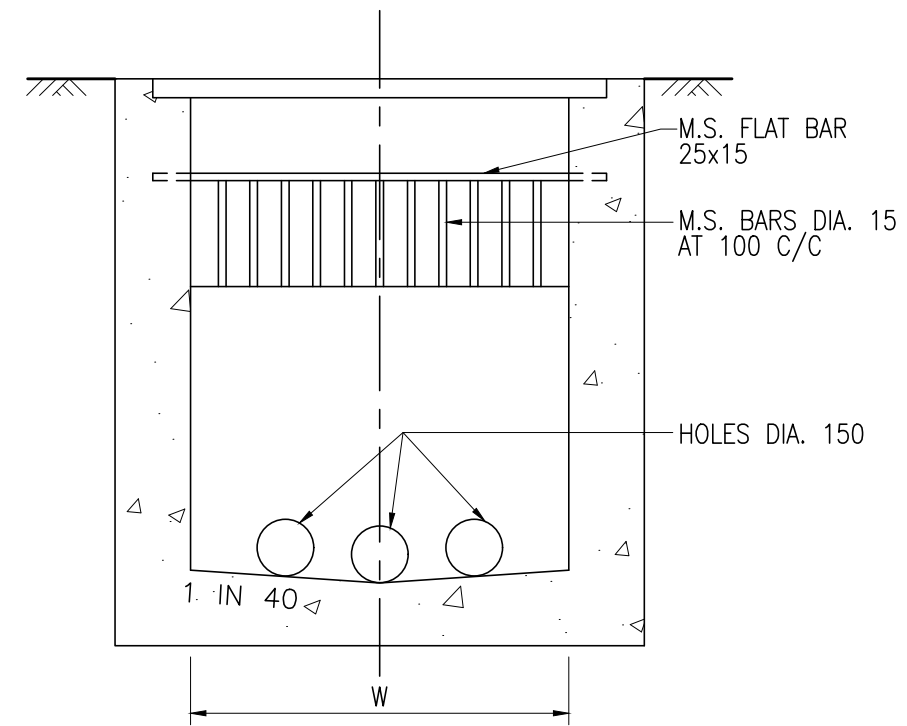
PROJECT	
TITLE	STORMWATER DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN

何田顧問工程師有限公司 <b>HO TIN &amp; ASSOCIATES</b> CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED	
SCALE	DRAWING No.
1 : 1500 - A3	FIGURE D2

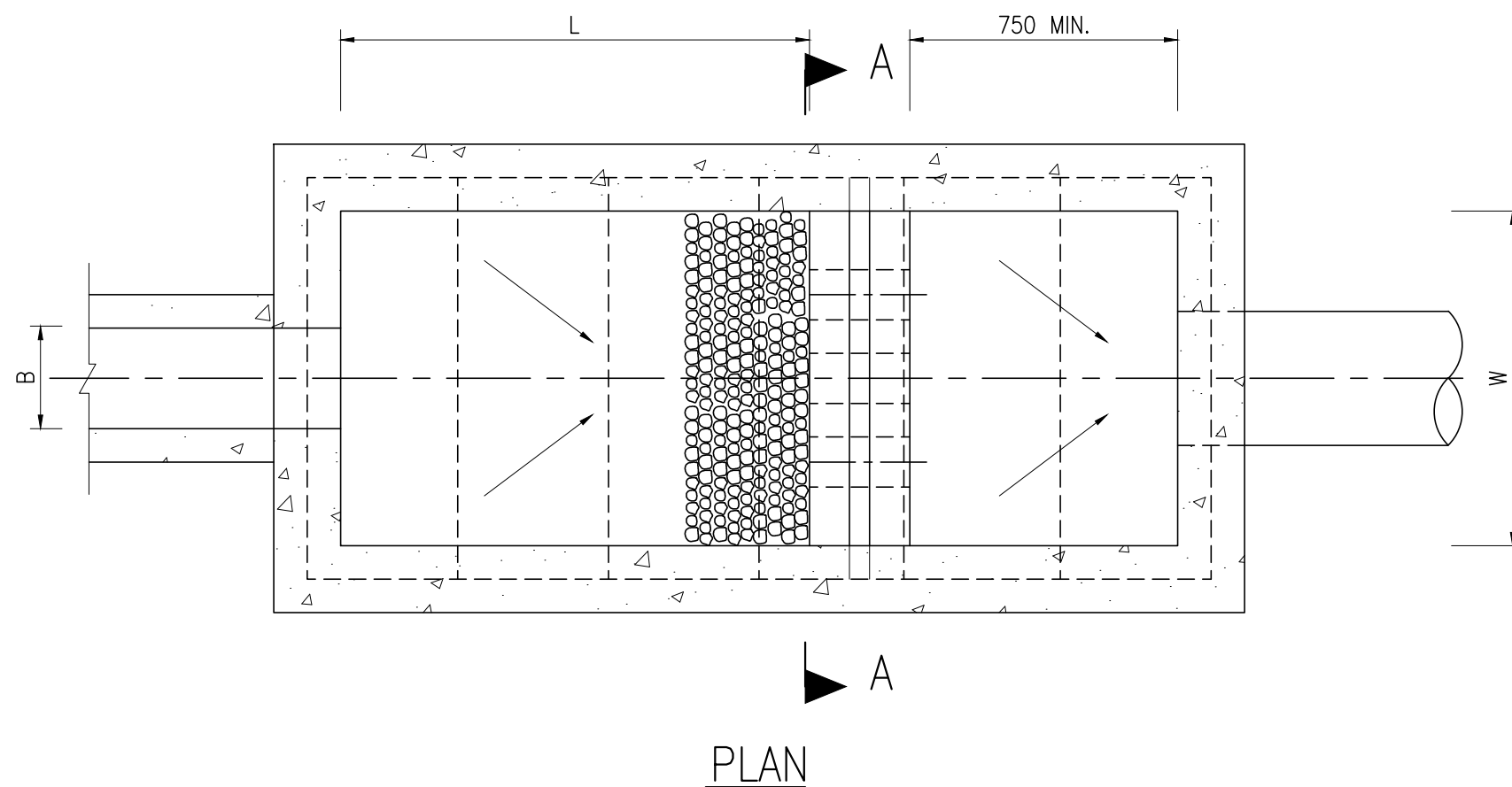
H:\24117\_CheungShin\DRAWING\24117FIG-D2\_01.dwg, 7/10/2024 9:57:31, DWG To PDF.pc3



LONGITUDINAL SECTION



SECTION A - A



PLAN

NOTES:-

1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN MILLIMETRES.
2. NORMALLY FOR DRAINS OF 900mm DIA. AND BELOW. FOR BIGGER DRAINS AND STEEP TERRAIN, SAND TRAP SHOULD BE SPECIALLY DESIGNED.
3. SIZE  
 DEPTH :  $D \leq 750$   
 WIDTH :  $W \geq 3B$   
 LENGTH :  $L = 4.8D^{0.67} h^{0.5} X^{-0.5} \geq 4B$
4. GRADE STONE FILTER SHALL BE CRUSHER RUN GRANITE AGGREGATE.
5. CAPACITY  $D W L$  TO BE ACCORDING TO SIZE AND NATURE OF CATCHMENT. PROVIDING DETENTION TIME NOT LESS THAN 5 MINUTES FOR MAX. DESIGN FLOW OF INLET.

PROJECT	何田顧問工程師有限公司 <b>HO TIN &amp; ASSOCIATES</b> CONSULTING ENGINEERS LIMITED	
TITLE	LAYOUT OF PROPOSED SANDTRAP	SCALE N.T.S.
		DRAWING No. FIGURE D3

Assessment of Hydraulic Capacities of the Drainage System for 1 in 50 year design return period

**Using Rational Method**  
 Design Flow = 0.278CIA m<sup>3</sup>/s for grassland (heavy soil) - steep, C = 0.35  
 for asphalt/concrete surface, C = 0.95

**Using Manning Equation (for channel flow)**  
 Design Mean Velocity =  $R^{1/6}/n(RS)^{1/2}$  and n = 0.035 for ditch with earth bottom and rubble sides in bad condition

**Using Gumbel Solution in frequency analysis**  
 Rainfall intensity =  $a / (L_e + b)^c$  where a = 505.5, b = 3.29 and c = 0.355 in 50 year design return period  
 referenced from Table 3a in SDM Corrigendum No. 1/2022 - Storm Constants for Different Return Periods of HKO Headquarters

**Using Bransby William's Equation (for surface water travelling from the catchment boundary to the drainage)**  
 Inlet time t<sub>0</sub> =  $0.14465L / (H^{1.48}A^{0.74})$  or 2 when the distance is too short

**Using Colebrook's White Equation (for pipe flow)**  
 $V = - \text{Sqrt} (8gDs) \times \log [(k_s / 3.7D) + (2.51v / D \times \text{Sqrt} (2gDs))]$

**Parameters Input**  
 k<sub>s</sub> (mm) = 0.6 k<sub>s</sub> (m) = 0.0006  
 v (m<sup>2</sup>/s) = 1.00E-06  
 g (m<sup>2</sup>/s) = 9.81

**\* - conservative, as the subject proposed development is for temporary use for 5 years only**

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	
USCP/USMH	DSCP/DSMH	Collected Runoff from Catchment (refer to Figure D3)	USGL (mPD)	DSGL (mPD)	USIL (mPD)	DSIL (mPD)	INVERT DIFF. (m)	LENGTH OF CHANNEL / DRAIN L (m)	SLOPE s	SLOPE 1 IN	LENGTH FOR CALCULATING OF INLET TIME L (m)	INLET TIME t <sub>0</sub> (min)	TIME OF FLOW INSIDE CHANNEL/ DRAIN = L/V (i.e. Column (9)/Column (26)/60) = t <sub>v</sub> (min)	TIME OF CONCENTRATION = t <sub>c</sub> + t <sub>v</sub> = t <sub>c</sub> (min)	RAINFALL INTENSITY (mm/hr)	RAINFALL INTENSITY INCLUDING EFFECT OF CLIMATE CHANGE (+16.0%) (mm/hr)	ADOPTED RAINFALL INTENSITY INCLUDING EFFECT OF CLIMATE CHANGE (+16.0%) & DESIGN ALLOWANCE (12.1%) (mm/hr)	RUNOFF COEF. C	SUB-CATCHMENT AREA (m <sup>2</sup> )	EFF. AREA (m <sup>2</sup> )	CUM. EFF. AREA (m <sup>2</sup> )	DESIGN FLOW (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	SIZE (mm)	CHANNEL TYPE	VELOCITY V (m/s)	FLOW CAPACITY (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	90% FLOW CAPACITY (for pipe) (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	SPARE CAPACITY (m <sup>3</sup> /s)	Occupancy of the Proposed Pipe / Channel	
Starting Point A	Point B	1	37.10	36.90	36.70	36.29	0.41	33.00	0.013	80	310	10.84	0.43	11.27	195.32	226.57	253.99	0.35	4,189	1,466	1,466	0.104	400	45° trapezoidal	1.28	0.66	0.553	15.8%	OK!	
Point B	Sandtrap	1 + 5 + 6	36.90	26.20	36.29	25.80	1.63	130.00	0.013	80	-	11.27	2.01	13.29	186.55	216.40	242.58	0.35	5,971	2,090	3,556	0.240	400	45° trapezoidal	1.08	0.30	0.062	79.6%	OK!	
Starting Point C	Point D	2	37.10	30.60	36.70	30.20	1.13	90.00	0.013	80	290	9.18	1.39	10.58	198.76	230.57	258.46	0.35	9,935	3,477	3,477	0.250	400	45° trapezoidal	1.08	0.30	0.052	82.9%	OK!	
Point D	Sandtrap	2 + 3 + 4 + 7	30.60	26.20	30.10	25.70	2.20	55.00	0.040	25	-	10.58	0.42	11.00	196.65	228.12	255.72	0.35	19,029	6,660	10,137	0.721	500	45° trapezoidal	2.17	0.87	0.146	83.2%	OK!	
<b>External</b>																														
Sandtrap	Existing Watercourse	1 to 7	26.20	23.70	25.05	23.20	0.06	3.00	0.020	50	-	13.29	0.02	13.30	186.48	216.32	242.50	0.35	0	0	13,693	0.923	500	45° trapezoidal	3.08	1.23	1.11	0.185	83.3%	OK!

subcatchment

1	4,189
2	9,935
3	13,890
4	3,777
5	1,298

sub total = 33,089 the subject site area = 6,035